Load the Ribbon

**Note** • This section applies only to printers that have the Thermal Transfer option installed.

Ribbon is used only with thermal transfer labels. For direct thermal labels, do not load ribbon in the printer. To determine if ribbon must be used with a particular media, see *When to Use Ribbon* on page 40.

**Caution** • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.

**Important** • Use ribbon that is wider than the media to protect the printhead from wear. Ribbon must be coated on the outside.

To load ribbon, complete these steps:

1. Raise the media door.
2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) counterclockwise to release the print mechanism (2).

3. Position the ribbon with the loose end unrolling clockwise.

4. Place the roll of ribbon on the ribbon supply spindle. Push the roll back as far as it will go.
5. Your printer shipped with an empty ribbon core on the ribbon take-up spindle. If this core is no longer there, place an empty ribbon core on the ribbon take-up spindle. Push the core back as far as it will go.

6. Slide the ribbon under the print mechanism.
7. Wind the ribbon clockwise around the core on the ribbon take-up spindle. Turn the spindle enough to wind the ribbon around it several times.

8. If media is already loaded, rotate the printhead-open lever clockwise until it locks the printhead in place. Otherwise, continue with *Load the Media on page 60.*
9. Close the media door.

10. If necessary, press **PAUSE** to enable printing.
Ribbon Overview

Ribbon is a thin film that is coated on one side with wax, resin, or wax resin, which is transferred to the media during the thermal transfer process. The media determines whether you need to use ribbon and how wide the ribbon must be.

When ribbon is used, it must be as wide as or wider than the media being used. If the ribbon is narrower than the media, areas of the printhead are unprotected and subject to premature wear.

When to Use Ribbon

Thermal transfer media requires ribbon for printing while direct thermal media does not. To determine if ribbon must be used with a particular media, perform a media scratch test.

To perform a media scratch test, complete these steps:

1. Scratch the print surface of the media rapidly with your fingernail.
2. Did a black mark appear on the media?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If a black mark...</th>
<th>Then the media is...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Does not appear on the media</td>
<td>Thermal transfer. A ribbon is required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appears on the media</td>
<td>Direct thermal. No ribbon is required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Coated Side of Ribbon

Ribbon can be wound with the coated side on the inside or outside (Figure 7). This printer can only use ribbon that is coated on the outside. If you are unsure which side of a particular roll of ribbon is coated, perform an adhesive test or a ribbon scratch test to determine which side is coated.

Figure 7 • Ribbon Coated on Outside or Inside
Adhesive Test

If you have labels available, perform the adhesive test to determine which side of a ribbon is coated. This method works well for ribbon that is already installed.

To perform an adhesive test, complete these steps:

1. Peel a label from its liner.
2. Press a corner of the sticky side of the label to the outer surface of the roll of ribbon.
3. Peel the label off of the ribbon.
4. Observe the results. Did flakes or particles of ink from the ribbon adhere to the label?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If ink from the ribbon...</th>
<th>Then...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adhered to the label</td>
<td>The ribbon is coated on the outside and <strong>can</strong> be used in this printer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Did not adhere to the label</td>
<td>The ribbon is coated on the inside and <strong>cannot</strong> be used in this printer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To verify this, repeat the test on the other surface of the roll of ribbon.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ribbon Scratch Test

Perform the ribbon scratch test when labels are unavailable.

To perform a ribbon scratch test, complete these steps:

1. Unroll a short length of ribbon.
2. Place the unrolled section of ribbon on a piece of paper with the outer surface of the ribbon in contact with the paper.
3. Scratch the inner surface of the unrolled ribbon with your fingernail.
4. Lift the ribbon from the paper.
5. Observe the results. Did the ribbon leave a mark on the paper?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If the ribbon...</th>
<th>Then...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Left a mark on the paper</td>
<td>The ribbon is coated on the outside and <strong>can</strong> be used in this printer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Did not leave a mark on the paper</td>
<td>The ribbon is coated on the inside and <strong>cannot</strong> be used in this printer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To verify this, repeat the test on the other surface of the roll of ribbon.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>