

^CC ~CC – Change Caret

Description The ^CC command is used to change the format command prefix. The default prefix is the caret (^).

Format ^CCx or ~CCx

Parameters	Details
x = caret character change	<i>Accepted Values:</i> any ASCII character <i>Default Value:</i> a parameter is required. If a parameter is not entered, the next character received is the new prefix character.



Example • This is an example of how to change the format prefix to / from a ::

```
^XA  
^CC/  
/XZ
```

The forward slash (/) is set at the new prefix. Note the /XZ ending tag uses the new designated prefix character (/).



Example • This is an example of how to change the format prefix from ~ to a /:

```
~CC/  
/XA/JUS/XZ
```

^CD ~CD – Change Delimiter

Description The ^CD and ~CD commands are used to change the delimiter character. This character is used to separate parameter values associated with several ZPL II commands. The default delimiter is a comma (.).

Format ^CDa or ~CDa

Parameters	Details
a = delimiter character change	<i>Accepted Values:</i> any ASCII character <i>Default Value:</i> a parameter is required. If a parameter is not entered, the next character received is the new prefix character.



Example • This shows how to change the character delimiter to a semi-colon (;):

```

^XA
^F010,10
^GB10,10,3
^XZ
^XA
^CD;
^F010;10
^GB10;10;3
^XZ

```

- To save, the JUS command is required. Here is an example using JUS:

```

~CD;
^XA^JUS^XZ

```

^CT ~CT – Change Tilde

Description The ^CT and ~CT commands are used to change the control command prefix. The default prefix is the tilde (~).

Format ^CTa or ~CTa

Parameters	Details
a = change control command character	<i>Accepted Values:</i> any ASCII character <i>Default Value:</i> a parameter is required. If a parameter is not entered, the next character received is the new control command character.



Example • This is an example of how to change the control command prefix from a ^ to a +:

```
^XA
^CT+
^XZ
+HS
```